- 1. The electronegativity difference between the atoms in a molecule of HCl can be used to determine
 - A) the entropy of the atoms
 - B) the atomic number of the atoms
 - C) the first ionization energy of the atoms
 - D) the polarity of the bond between the two atoms
- 2. Which formula represents a molecule with the most polar bond?

A) CO B) NO C) HI D) HCl

3. Given the formula:

The bond between which two atoms has the greatest degree of polarity?

| A) C and C | B) C and O |
|------------|------------|
| C) H and C | D) H and O |

4. Which molecule has a nonpolar covalent bond?

| A) | Н—Н | B) | H∕ ^N ∖H |
|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|
| C) | H∕ ⁰ ∕H | D) | H-CI |

5. The chemical bond between which two atoms is most polar?

A) C–N B) H–H C) S–Cl D) Si–O

- 6. The degree of polarity of a chemical bond in a molecule of a compound can be predicted by determining the difference in the
 - A) melting points of the elements in the compound
 - B) densities of the elements in the compound
 - C) electronegativities of the bonded atoms in a molecule of the compound
 - D) atomic masses of the bonded atoms in a molecule of the compound

7. Which formula represents a molecule having a nonpolar covalent bond?

8. Which molecule contains a nonpolar covalent bond?

$$\begin{array}{c} A) \\ H \\ \overset{\bullet}{x} \\ H \\ C) \\ H \\ \overset{\bullet}{x} \\ \overset{\bullet}{x} \\ H \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} B) \\ H \\ \overset{\bullet}{x} \\ \overset{\bullet}{C} \\ \overset{\bullet}{x} \\ \overset{\bullet}{n} \\ \overset{\bullet}{n} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} B) \\ H \\ \overset{\bullet}{x} \\ \overset{\bullet}{C} \\ \overset{\bullet}{n} \\$$

- 9. The bonds between hydrogen and oxygen in a water molecule are classified as
 - A) polar covalentB) nonpolar covalentC) ionicD) metallic
- 10. Which of these formulas contains the most polar bond?

A) H-Br B) H-Cl C) H-F D) H-I

- 11. Which type of bond exists between an atom of carbon and an atom of fluorine?
 - A) ionicB) metallicC) polar covalentD) nonpolar covalent
- 12. Which substance contains nonpolar covalent bonds?
 - A) H2
 B) H2O

 C) Ca(OH)2
 D) CaO
- 13. Which type of bond is formed between the carbon atom and the oxygen atom in CH₃OH?
 - A) ionicB) electrovalentC) polar covalentD) nonpolar covalent

- 14. Which electron-dot diagram represents a molecule that has a polar covalent bond?
- 15. Which electron-dot formula represents a substance that contains a nonpolar covalent bond?

- 16. The atoms in a molecule of hydrogen chloride are held together by
 - A) hydrogen bonds
 - B) ionic bonds
 - C) polar covalent bonds
 - D) non-polar covalent bonds

- 17. What type of bond exists in a molecule of hydrogen iodide?
 - A) a polar covalent bond with an electronegativity difference of zero
 - B) polar covalent bond with an electronegativity difference between zero and 1.7
 - C) a nonpolar covalent bond with an electronegativity difference of zero
 - D) a nonpolar covalent bond with an electronegativity difference between zero and 1.7
- 18. The electrons in a bond between two iodine atoms (I2) are shared
 - A) equally, and the resulting bond is polar
 - B) equally, and the resulting bond is nonpolar
 - C) unequally, and the resulting bond is polar
 - D) unequally, and the resulting bond is nonpolar
- 19. Which molecule contains a polar covalent bond?

20. Which molecule contains a nonpolar covalent bond?

A) I2 B) NH3 C) H2O D) CO