- 1. Which statement correctly describes diamond and graphite, which are different forms of solid carbon?
 - A) They differ in their molecular structure, only.
 - B) They differ in their properties, only.
 - C) They differ in their molecular structure and properties.
 - D) They do not differ in their molecular structure or properties.
- 2. At STP, solid carbon can exist as diamond and graphite. Compared to the molecular structure and chemical properties of diamond, graphite has
 - A) a different molecular structure and different properties
 - B) a different molecular structure and the same properties
 - C) the same molecular structure and different properties
 - D) the same molecular structure and the same properties
- 3. The carbon atoms in graphite and the carbon atoms in diamond have different
 - A) atomic numbers
 - B) atomic masses
 - C) electronegativities
 - D) structural arrangements
- 4. At 298 K, oxygen (O₂) and ozone (O₃) have different properties because their
 - A) atoms have different atomic numbers
 - B) atoms have different atomic masses
 - C) molecules have different molecular structures
 - D) molecules have different average kinetic energies
- 5. Which statement describes oxygen gas, O₂(g), and ozone gas, O₃(g)?
 - A) They have different molecular structures, only.
 - B) They have different properties, only.
 - C) They have different molecular structures and different properties.
 - D) They have the same molecular structure and the same properties.

- 6. Which statement explains why ozone gas, O₃, and oxygen gas, O₂, have different properties?
 - A) They are formed from different elements.
 - B) They have different molecular structures.
 - C) They have different oxidation numbers.
 - D) They have different electronegativities.
- 7. Solid samples of the element phosphorus can be white, black, or red in color. The variations in color are due to different
 - A) atomic masses
 - B) molecular structures
 - C) ionization energies
 - D) nuclear charges
- 8. At STP, the element oxygen can exist as either O₂ or O₃ gas molecules. These two forms of the element have
 - A) the same chemical and physical properties
 - B) the same chemical properties and different physical properties
 - C) different chemical properties and the same physical properties
 - D) different chemical and physical properties
- 9. At STP, solid carbon can exist as graphite or as diamond. These two forms of carbon have
 - A) the same properties and the same crystal structures
 - B) the same properties and different crystal structures
 - C) different properties and the same crystal structures
 - D) different properties and different crystal structures
- 10. Which statement correctly describes two forms of oxygen, O₂ and O₃?
 - A) They have identical molecular structures and identical properties.
 - B) They have identical molecular structures and different properties.
 - C) They have different molecular structures and identical properties.
 - D) They have different molecular structures and different properties.